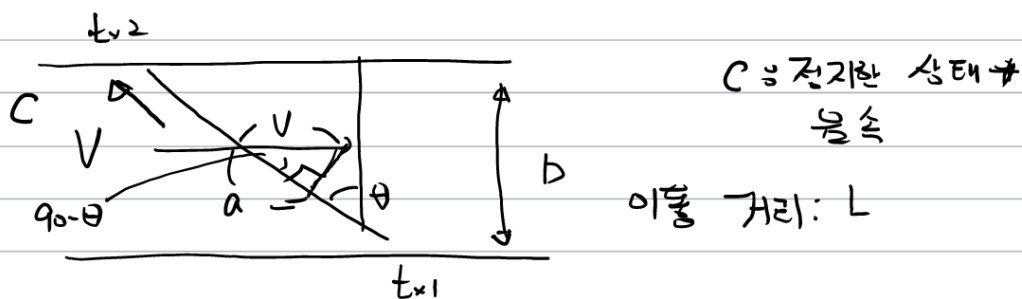


문제: 전파 시간차, 도플러 방식 식 유도

### 1. 전파 시간차



$t_1$ :  $t_{x1}$ 이 ~~보낸~~ 시간,  $t_2$ :  $t_{x2}$ 가 보내 준 음파를 수신한 시간  
보낸 음파를 수신한

$$a = V \cos(90 - \theta) = V [\cos 90 \cos \theta + \sin 90 \sin \theta] = V \sin \theta$$

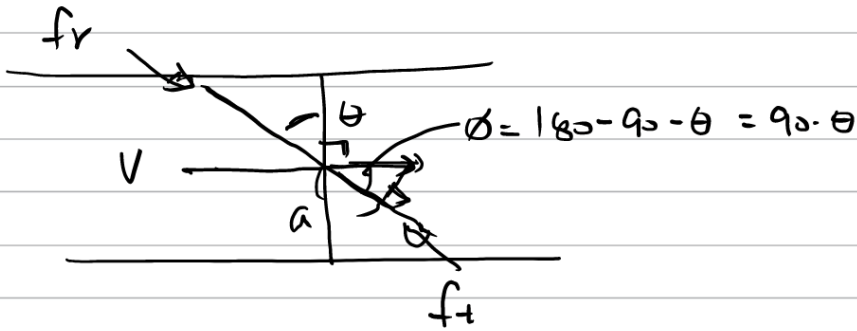
$$t_1 = \frac{L}{c - V \sin \theta} \quad t_2 = \frac{L}{c + V \sin \theta}$$

$$\Delta t = t_1 - t_2 = \frac{L}{c - V \sin \theta} - \frac{L}{c + V \sin \theta}$$

$$= \frac{L(c + V \sin \theta) - L(c - V \sin \theta)}{c^2 - V^2 \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$= \frac{2LV \sin \theta}{c^2 - V^2 \sin^2 \theta} \approx \frac{2LV \sin \theta}{c^2}$$

## 2. 도플러 방식



$$a = V \cos(90 - \theta) = V \sin \theta$$

$$f_t (c + V \sin \theta) = f_r (c - V \sin \theta)$$

↑ 시간 ↓

$$f_t = \frac{c - V \sin \theta}{c + V \sin \theta} f_r = \frac{c^2 - 2Vc \sin \theta + V^2 \sin^2 \theta}{c^2 + V^2 \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\approx \frac{c^2 - 2Vc \sin \theta}{c^2}$$

$$\Delta f = f_t - f_r = \frac{c^2 - 2Vc \sin \theta}{c^2} f_r - f_r = \frac{-2Vc \sin \theta}{c^2} f_r$$

$$= \frac{-2 \cdot \sin \theta}{c} f_r$$

$$V = \frac{\Delta f}{f_r} \frac{c}{-2 \sin \theta}$$